

SERIP-100 Serial Device Server User manual

SERIP-100 Serial Device Server: User manual

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Important user information

This manual explains how to install, operate and configure a *SERIP-100*. This device may only be used for the applications described in this document.

This manual is to be used with a SERIP-100 with firmware version 1.2.

These instructions are intended for use by trained specialists in electrical installation and control and automation engineering, who are familiar with the applicable national standards and safety procedures.

Safety Precautions



ELECTRICAL HAZARD

- This equipment must be installed and serviced only by qualified personnel. Such work should be performed only after reading this entire set of instructions.
- Before performing visual inspections, tests, or maintenance on this equipment, disconnect all sources of electric power. Assume that all circuits are live until they have been completely de-energized, tested, and tagged. Pay particular attention to the design of the power system. Consider all sources of power, including the possibility of backfeeding.
- Apply appropriate personal protective equipment and follow safe electrical practices.
- Turn off all power supplying the equipment in which the SERIP-100 is to be installed before installing, wiring or removing the SERIP-100.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm that power is off.
- The successful operation of this equipment depends upon proper handling, installation, and operation. Neglecting fundamental installation requirements may lead to personal injury as well as damage to electrical equipment or other property.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in death or serious injury!

Document conventions

Throughout this manual we use the following symbols and typefaces to make you aware of safety or other important considerations:

	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoid- ed, could result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoid- ed, could result in damage to equipment.
	Indicates information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.
	Provides other helpful user information that does not fall in above categories.
Ç	Provides supplemental user information.
Acronym	This typeface is used to introduce acronyms or product names.
Command	This typeface is used to represent commands, prompts, input fields and filenames. In the context of programming it is used for functions, variable names, constants or class names.
Placeholder	This typeface is used to represent replacable text. Replaceable text is a placeholder for data you have to provide, like file- names or command line arguments.
User input	This typeface is used to represent data entered by the user or buttons.
Screen output	Screen output or program listing

Chapter 1. Introduction

SERIP-100 is a serial to Ethernet interface converter. The unit enables serial devices to connect to an IP-based Ethernet LAN.



Figure 1.1: SERIP-100 mounted on DIN rail

The *SERIP-100* receives data on the serial port, converts the data stream into either a TCP or UDP packet and transmits the packet via the Ethernet network. Vice versa, data contained in packets received on the network interface are transmitted on the serial port.

Two *SERIP-100* operating in UDP tunneling mode can be used to overcome the length limitation of RS-232 and to connect two serial devices utilizing IP network infrastructure.





Configuration of the gateway is simple and conveniently performed using a web browser which connects to the embedded web server.

The unit's firmware adheres to the Internet Standards (RFCs) as close a possible. This provides it with a high degree of compatibility with a broad range of available commercial and open source middleware, drivers and utilities.

Features

The SERIP-100 gateway provides the following key features:

- Versatile modes of operation (Server, Client, UDP tunnel)
- Telnet protocol compliant (any port)
- Includes *SERIP Toolkit* with virtual COM port redirector software for Windows operating systems
- Compatible with the ttyd virtual device driver and Termpkg package for Linux
- Embedded web server for easy configuration and commissioning using a web browser
- Firmware upgradeable via Ethernet
- DIN rail mountable
- 24 V DC (10-30 V) power supply
- Status LEDs for power, Ethernet link and communication status

Quick start checklist

- Read this set of instructions properly and in its entirety.
- Mount the unit.
- Connect the power. Do not connect yet serial ports.
- Configure the Ethernet communications settings with a web browser (using an Ethernet crossover cable) or with a terminal program like *HyperTerminal* (using a null modem cable)
- Configure the serial line communication settings.
- Configure the operational aspects of the device.
- Wire serial line interfaces.

Chapter 2. Description

The power and RS-485/RS-422 terminals are placed on the top side of the unit. The RS-232 and Ethernet connectors are placed on the bottom side of the unit as shown in the following illustration:



- Clear front cover
- **2** RS-232 connector
- Ethernet connector
- DIN rail clip
- Power LED
- O Ethernet link LED
- Status 1 LED
- Status 2 LED
- Power terminals
- RS-485/RS-422 terminals

LED indicators

Four LEDs located at the front panel indicate the status of the device. The LEDs assist maintenance personnel in quickly identifying wiring or communication errors.

A LED test is exercised at power-up, cycling each LED off, green and then red for approximately 0.25 seconds. At the same time the power-on self test of the device is performed.

The following table outlines the indicator condition and the corresponding status after the power-on self test has been completed:

LED	Function	Condition	Indication
Power	Power	Off	No power applied to the device.
	rowei	Green	Power supply OK
Link	Ethornot link	Off	No Ethernet link
	Ethernet link	Green	Ethernet link OK
Status1		Off	No Ethernet connection. No data on serial port.
		Flashing green 0.5 s rate	Connection on Ethernet but no data transmission or reception on serial port.
	Device status	Green	Connection on Ethernet and data transmitting or receiving on serial port.
		Flashing red 0.5 s rate	No connection on Ethernet but data is received on serial port.
		Red	The device has an unrecoverable fault; may need replacing. Flashing sequence and rate of Status2 LED indicates fault class.

Table 2.1: LED diagnostic codes

Operating modes

TCP Server mode

The *SERIP-100* operates as a server listening on the configured TCP port for connections from a client. As soon as one client is connected, it will receive the serial port data stream via TCP. Any data sent to the *SERIP-100* by the client will be forwarded to the serial port.



Figure 2.2: SERIP-100 in TCP Server mode configuration accepting connections from a PC

Telnet Server mode

The *Telnet Server* mode is similar to the *TCP Server* mode but offers in addition support for the *Telnet* protocol. This means all characters received or transmitted on the TCP connection are encoded with the Telnet protocol.

The *Telnet Server* mode is the most commonly used mode and is utilised by the *telnet* utility as well as serial port redirectors and virtual serial port device drivers.

TCP Client mode

The client mode is the opposite of the server mode and requires a TCP server to connect to. After a connection to the nominated server has been established, any data received on the serial port is delivered to the server as TCP data stream. Any data sent to *SERIP-100* by the server will be forwarded to the serial port. The *SERIP-100* will automatically reconnect to the specified Server if the connection has been lost.



Figure 2.3: SERIP-100 in TCP Client mode configuration connecting to a server

Telnet Client mode

The *Telnet Client* mode is similar to the *TCP Client* mode but offers in addition support for the *Telnet* protocol. This means all characters received or transmitted on the TCP connection are encoded with the Telnet protocol. This mode is also known as *reverse Telnet*.

Client/Server operation

Two *SERIP-100* can be combined using the TCP protocol while one is working in server mode and the other peer in client mode. *Client/Server* operation is typically used to connect two *SERIP-100* in order to extend the range of a RS-232 link.



Figure 2.4: Two SERIP-100 in Client/Server mode configuration

UDP tunneling

This mode utilises the UDP protocol for receiving and sending data. It does not require a connection between a server and a client, instead it requires a nominated peer where to

send data. Any data received on the nominated UDP port is streamed to the serial port. If data is received on the serial port, it is embedded into a UDP packet and sent to the nominated peer. UDP tunneling supports broadcasting of received serial data to the local subnet. For broadcasting enter 255.255.255.255 as *Peer IP Address*. UDP tunneling is typically used to connect two *SERIP-100* in order to extend the range of a RS-232 link.



UMSERIP100-1001

Chapter 3. Installation

Regulatory notes



- 1. The *SERIP-100* is suitable for use in non-hazardous locations only.
- 2. The SERIP-100 is not authorized for use in life support devices or systems.
- 3. Wiring and installation must be in accordance with applicable electrical codes in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.
- 4. This is a Class A device and intended for commercial or industrial use. This equipment may cause radio interference if used in a residential area; in this case it is the operator's responsibility to take appropriate measures.
- 5. The precondition for compliance with EMC limit values is strict adherence to the guidelines specified in this set of instructions. This applies in particular to the area of grounding and shielding of cables.

FCC Notice (USA only)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Industry Canada Notice (Canada only)

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Unpacking, handling and storage



- 1. Please read this set of instructions. carefully before fitting it into your system.
- 2. Keep all original packaging material for future storage or warranty shipments of the unit.
- 3. Do not exceed the specified temperatures.

Before connecting anything



- 1. Before installing or removing the unit or any connector, ensure that the system power and external supplies have been turned off.
- 2. Check the system supply voltage with a multimeter for correct voltage range and polarity.

- 3. Connect the power supply cable and switch on the system power. Check if the Power LED is lit.
- 4. Turn off system power.
- 5. Connect all I/O cables.
- 6. Once you are certain that all connections have been made properly, restore the power.

DIN rail mounting and removal

The *SERIP-100* gateway is designed to be mounted on a 35 mm DIN rail according to DIN/EN 50022. The enclosure features a 35 mm profile at the back which snaps into the DIN rail. No tools are required for mounting. Please observe the rules outlined in the section called "Mounting rules".



To mount the unit on a DIN rail, slot the top part of the *SERIP-100* into the upper guide of the rail and lower the enclosure until the bottom of the red hook clicks into place.



To remove the *SERIP-100* from the DIN rail, use a screw driver as a lever by inserting it in the small slot of the red hook and push the red hook downwards. Then remove the unit from the rail by raising the bottom front edge of the enclosure.

Mounting rules

The enclosure provides protection against solid objects according to IP 20 / NEMA Type 1 protection rating. When mounting the unit observe the following rules:



- No water splash and water drops
- No aggressive gas, steam or liquids
- Avoid dusty environments.
- Avoid shock or vibration

- Do not exceed the specified operational temperatures and humidity range.
- Mount inside an electrical switchboard or control cabinet.
- Make sure there is sufficient air ventilation and clearance to other devices mounted next to the unit.
- Observe applicable local regulations like EN60204 / VDE0113.

Powering the SERIP-100



Before connecting power please follow the rules in the section called "Safety Precautions" and the section called "Before connecting anything".

Power is supplied via a 3.81 mm 2-pin pluggable terminal block located at the top side of the mounted unit (refer to Figure 2.1, "Location of connectors"). The following table and picture shows the power terminal socket pinout:



Pin	Signal	Function
1	V+	Positive voltage supply (10 - 30 V DC)
2	V-	Negative voltage supply, DC power return

Table 3.1: Power supply connector pinout



Make sure that the polarity of the supply voltage is correct before connecting any device to the serial ports! A wrong polarity can cause high currents on the ground plane between the V- power supply pin and the serial port ground pins, which can cause damage to the device.

Wiring the RS-485/RS-422 interface

The gateway's serial port can be configured by software to use the RS-485 or RS-422 physical layer. This is done through the web interface (See the section called "Configuring serial port").

The RS-485 and RS-422 signals are located at the 3.81 mm 6-pin pluggable terminal block on the top side of the mounted unit (refer to Figure 2.1, "Location of connectors"). The following table and picture shows the pinout:

	Pin	RS-485 signal	RS-422 signal	Description
RS-485	3	GND	GND	Signal common
	4	D+	TX+	Non-inverting RS-485 and RS-422 terminal
	5	D-	TX-	Inverting RS-485 and RS-422 terminal
RS-422	6		GND	Signal common
	7		RX+	Non-inverting RS-422 receiver terminal
	8		RX-	Inverting RS-422 receiver terminal

Table 3.2: RS-485/RS-422 connector pinout

- Line termination is required and is typically done with a 120 Ohm 1/4 W resistor. For RS-485 operation the bus must be terminated at both ends. For RS-422 operation a termination resistor must be inserted between the RX+/RX- signals.
- Maximum number of RS-485 nodes without repeater is 32.
- Stub connections off the main line should be avoided if possible or at least be kept as short as possible. Stub connections must not have terminating resistors.
- Maximum cable length to 1200 m (4000 ft).
- To assure a high degree of electromagnetic compatibility and surge protection the cable should be twisted pairs and shielded. An additional cable conductor or pair may be used for the GND reference.



Do *not* connect the cable shield to the GND pins! Use an external chassis ground connection to terminate the shield.

Wiring the RS-232 interface

The use of the RS-232 interface must be configured using the web interface (See the section called "Configuring serial port").

The RS-232 connector is a male 9-pin D-sub type located at the bottom side of the mounted unit (refer to Figure 2.1, "Location of connectors"). It has industry standard EIA-574 data terminal equipment (DTE) pinout as shown in the following table and picture:



Pin	Signal	Function	Direction
1	DCD	Data carrier detect	in
2	RXD	Receive data	in
3	TXD	Transmit data	out
4	DTR	Data terminal ready	out
5	GND	Signal ground	
6	DSR	Data set ready	in
7	RTS	Request to send	out
8	CTS	Clear to send	in
9	RI	Ring indicator	in

Table 3.3: RS-232 connector pinout

- Maximum cable length is 15 m (50 ft) or a length equal to a line capacitance of 2500 pF, both at the maximum standard bit rate of 20 kbps. If operating at higher bit rates the maximum cable length drops to 3 m (10 ft) at a bit rate of 57.6 kbps.
- To assure a high degree of electromagnetic compatibility and surge protection the RS-232 cable should shielded. The shield shall be connected to an external chassis ground at the either or both ends, depending on the application.

• The shield must *not* be connected to the GND pin.



To connect the *SERIP-100* to a PC (Personal Computer) or any other device with data terminal equipment (DTE) pinout you need a null-modem or cross-over cable.

Connecting Ethernet

The following table describes the 10BASE-T Ethernet RJ-45 connector pinout:



Pin	Signal	Function
1	TX+	Non-inverting transmit signal
2	TX-	Inverting transmit signal
3	RX+	Non-inverting receive signal
4		Internal termination network
5		Internal termination network
6	RX-	Inverting receive signal
7		Internal termination network
8		Internal termination network

Table 3.4: Ethernet connector pinout

- We recommend to use Category 5 UTP network cable.
- Maximum cable length is 100 m (3000 ft).

Chapter 4. Ethernet & IP configuration

Before configuring the *SERIP-100*, obtain a unique static IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway address from your network administrator.

The factory default IP address of the *SERIP-100* is 169.254.0.10 which is in the Automatic Private IP Addressing (APIPA) address range.

There are several methods of configuring the unit's IP address:

- 1. Removing your PC from your corporate network and using a cross-over network cable (see the section called "IP setup using a web browser and a cross-over network cable").
- 2. Via the Serial Port 1 and a terminal program like *HyperTerminal* (see the section called "IP setup using a terminal program like HyperTerminal").
- 3. Leaving your PC connected to your corporate network and temporarily changing the IP settings on your PC to match the subnet of the *SERIP-100* (see the section called "Temporarily changing the IP settings on your PC").



In order to connect to the *SERIP-100* via TCP/IP, your PC must be on same IP subnet as the gateway. In most situations this means that the first three numbers of the IP address have to be identical.

IP setup using a web browser and a cross-over network cable

This method applies only to operating systems like Windows, which support APIPA (Automatic Private IP Addressing). It also requires your PC to be configured for DHCP. If your computer is configured with a static IP address, follow the procedure in the section called "Temporarily changing the IP settings on your PC".

- 1. Disconnect your PC from your corporate network. If your computer is configured for DHCP it should now automatically fall back to use a default IP address from the APIPA range 169.254.x.x (Windows PCs only).
- 2. Connect an Ethernet crossover cable from the SERIP-100 to the computer.
- 3. Start Internet Explorer.
- 4. In the address box, type 169.254.0.10 and then press Enter.
- 5. Click **Configuration**... and then **Ethernet & IP** in the menu on the left side of the page.
- 6. Enter the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address assigned to your *SERIP-100*, then click **Save**.
- 7. Reconnect your computer to your corporate network.

IP setup using a terminal program like HyperTerminal

- Connect a null modem RS-232 cable between your PC and the SERIP-100's Serial Port
 1.
- 2. In Windows XP, click **Start**, point to **All Programs**, point to **Accessories**, point to **Communications**, and then click **HyperTerminal**.
- 3. When *HyperTerminal* starts, it opens a dialog box and asks for a name for the new connection. Enter a name (for example, deviceconfig) then click **OK**.
- 4. The Connect to dialog opens. Select the COM port you will be using in the Connect using drop-down list box, then click **OK**.
- 5. Select 9600, 8, None, 1, None in the COM Properties dialog, then click OK.
- 6. HyperTerminal is now connected to the serial line.
- 7. Keep the **space** bar pressed in *HyperTerminal* and power-cycle your device at the same time.
- 8. A menu should appear after one or two seconds showing device information, the current IP configuration and a > prompt.
- 9. Type SETIP, then press Enter within 10 seconds after the prompt is shown:

🗞 deviceconfig - HyperTerminal	
File Edit View Call Transfer Help	
DIAG MODE Ver: x.y S/N: 1234 MAC: 00:50:C7:67:71:97 IP Address: 169.254.0.10 Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0 Gateway Address: 0.0.0.0	
>SETIP IP Address (169.254.0.10): 10.0.0.100 Subnet Mask (255.255.0.0): 255.255.255.0 Gateway Address (0.0.0.0): 0.0.0.0 RUN MODE	
	>
Connected 0:05:24 Auto detect 9600 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print edito	

- 10. The device will show current values and prompt for new values for IP address, net mask and gateway address. Enter the new values and press **Enter**. A key press must be received at least every 10 seconds otherwise the device will go back to *RUN MODE* and resume normal operation.
- 11. The gateway will return to the main prompt. Type **X** and press **Enter** to leave *DIAG MODE* and resume normal operation indicated with RUN MODE.

Temporarily changing the IP settings on your PC

This method involves manually assigning an IP address to your PC in the same subnet as the gateway. The default subnet of the gateway is 169.254.0.0/16.

- 1. Connect the SERIP-100 to your Ethernet network.
- 2. On a Windows PC, open the Control Panel and double-click on **Network Connections**. Right-click on the Network Connection associated with your network adapter and select **Properties**:



This will show the Local Area Connection Properties Dialog:



3. Select the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** entry and click on **Properties** to open the TCP/IP Properties dialog as shown below:

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties
General
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.
Obtain an IP address automatically
O Use the following IP address:
IP address: 169 . 254 . 0 . 1
Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 0 . 0
Default gateway:
Obtain DNS server address automatically
• Use the following DNS server addresses:
Preferred DNS server:
Alternate DNS server:
Advanced
OK Cancel

- 4. Write down your current settings so they can be restored later.
- 5. Select **Use the following IP address** and configure a static IP address in the same subnet as the device, for example 169.254.0.1 and the subnet mask 255.255.0.0. Click **OK** to save the changes.
- 6. Start Internet Explorer.
- 7. In the address box, type 169.254.0.10 and then press Enter.
- 8. Click **Configuration...** and then **Ethernet & IP** in the menu on the left side of the page.
- 9. Enter the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address assigned to your *SERIP-100*, then click **Save**.
- 10. Restore your computer's original settings.

Chapter 5. Web browser based management

The *SERIP-100* incorporates an embedded web server. This allows you to connect to the device and monitor and configure it using a web browser. Most browsers should work, provided they support JavaScript. We recommend *Internet Explorer* 6.0 or higher.

Connecting to the SERIP-100

Once you made sure that your PC is configured to be on the same subnet as the *SERIP-100*, start your web browser. In the address box, type the IP address of your device (169.254.0.10 is the default), and then press **Enter**. (See Chapter 4, *Ethernet & IP configuration*)

The web browser will establish communication with the embedded web server and an overview page similar to the following picture will appear:



Figure 5.1: Device management and configuration via the web browser

- Gateway IP address
- **2** Main menu
- Configuration sub-menu
- Information area

Use the menu bar shown on the left side to navigate the different pages.



In order to connect to the *SERIP-100* via TCP/IP, your PC must be on same IP subnet as the gateway. In most situations this means that the first three numbers of the IP address have to be identical.

Monitoring and diagnostic

The *SERIP-100* offers several web pages which allow monitoring of the status of the different communication networks and the device performance.

Device status

The Overview page shows the principal device status as shown in the following picture:

Overview	
Status	
Device	✓ ОК
IP Connection	✓ Connected to 169.254.0.11

Figure 5.2: Overview page

The value shown in the Device row represents the device status register which keeps track of run-time faults. All run-time faults are latched and must be reset by the user. The following faults can be listed here:

0K

The device is fault free.

```
Watchdog reset
```

This warning indicates that the device was reset by it's internal watchdog supervision circuit.

Brown out reset

This warning indicates that the device was reset by it's internal supply voltage monitoring circuit. This fault occurs when the supply voltage drops below the lower limit.

Device out of memory

This warning indicates that the internal dynamic memory has been exhausted and due to this a certain function could not be completed.

Device configuration data write failure

This alarm indicates that the configuration data could not be written to the nonvolatile memory. Configuration data changes will be lost once the device is powercycled or reset. Reset to factory defaults

This alarm indicates that the device' configuration data was reset to factory defaults. The device requires re-commissioning.

Ethernet status

The Ethernet Status page shows status and statistics about the Ethernet traffic. These values provide valuable information used to troubleshoot network problems. This page is automatically updated every 5 seconds.

Gateway Processor						
Connections	Packets Received	Packets Sent	Connection Errors	Receive Errors	Transmit Errors	Resource Errors
1	1	1	0	0	0	0

Figure 5.3: Ethernet status page



This page shows accumulated readings since the *SERIP-100* was last activated or reset. If power to the *SERIP-100* is lost, all cumulative values are reset to zero.

The following statistics are maintained:

Connections

A counter that increments each time a client or server connects to the gateway.

Packets Received

A counter that increments each time an inbound message is successfully received.

Packets Sent

A counter that is incremented each time an outbound message leaves.

Connection Errors

This counter applies to client modes only. It is incremented each time a connection attempt failed.

Receive Errors

Number of errors while receiving an inbound packet from the network.

Transmit Errors

Number of errors while sending an outbound packet to the network.

Resource Errors

Counter of low memory resource situations.

The cumulative diagnostic data is reset when the device is power cycled or reset. The data is also reset by pressing the **Clear Counter** button.

Finding the firmware version and serial number

Click on the **About** menu entry on the menu bar to show the product information as shown below:

About

Product Information

Product NameSERIP-100Hardware VersionX100Firmware Version1.1Serial Number00002

Figure 5.4: About page

This product information is important for service and support inquiries. The following product information is provided:

Product name The name of the product.

Hardware version SERIP-100 hardware version.

Firmware version

The firmware version that is installed on the SERIP-100.

Serial number

The serial number of the SERIP-100. The serial number is specific to your device.

Configuring and commissioning

The configuration pages are accessed by clicking on the Configuration... menu entry on the menu bar which then expands a configuration sub-menu. All configuration settings are kept in the device non-volatile memory.



If you make changes to any settings, remember to save each page before changing to a different page!

Configuring Ethernet and IP

Select the **Configuration**-**Ethernet** & **IP** sub-menu from the menu bar to open the Ethernet and IP settings which are shown below:

Configuration		
Ethernet		
MAC Address 00	-50-C7-67-70-7B	
IP Settings		
IP Address	169 .254 .0 .10	
Subnet Mask	255 .0 .0	
Gateway Address	0.0.0	
Save Cancel		



The following Ethernet parameters are shown:

MAC address

The device' unique MAC address. This number is hard coded and cannot be changed.

The following Internet protocol (IP) settings can be entered:

- IP address The IP address assigned to this device.
- Subnet mask (also known as indexterm2:[network mask])

If you have a router, enter the subnet mask for the segment to which this device is attached.

Gateway address

If your network segment has a router, enter its IP address here. Otherwise leave the address as 0.0.0.0.

Once you click **Save** the new settings are stored and applied instantly. The new settings are confirmed with the following page:



Figure 5.6: IP settings changed confirmation



Please write down the new IP address so you are able to communicate with the device in the future!

Configuring Operating mode

Configuration

Mode	TCP Client
Port	23
Peer IP Address	169 .254 .0 .20
Transmission Mode	Everything 🗸
Silence Period	50
High Water Mark	100
Trigger Byte	10



Mode

The SERIP-100 gateway can operate in different modes. Refer to the section called "Operating modes" for more details about the various operating modes. If used in conjunction with a virtual serial port redirector software, this should be set to Telnet Server or TCP Server. Both Telnet and TCP modes operate over the TCP protocol but the two Telnet modes offer support for the *Telnet* protocol. If two gateways are used to extend a serial link UDP tunnel is the best choice.

Port

Set this to the TCP or UDP port the gateway shall use for Ethernet connections.

Peer IP Address

The IP address of a server the gateway shall connect to if in client mode or if in UDP mode the IP address the gateway accepts UDP packets from. Only used in client modes or UDP mode.

Transmission Mode

Data received on the serial port is internally buffered. Different methods can be chosen to determine when the buffered data is transmitted via the Ethernet link. Buffering can be disabled by setting transmission mode to Immediate. The various transmission settings allow fine-tuning and optimisation of the Ethernet traffic generated by the gateway. This helps reducing the amount of Ethernet traffic as multiple data bytes are consolidated into one Ethernet packet.

Silence Period

This setting can only be changed if transmission mode is set to any of the silence period options. If enabled data received on the serial port is buffered and only transmitted once no character has been received for the configured silence period.

High Water Mark

This setting can only be changed if transmission mode is set to any of the high water mark options. If enabled data received on the serial port is buffered and only

transmitted once the amount of buffered characters has reached the high water mark setting. In any case the internal buffer is always emptied after 1 s.

Trigger Byte

This setting can only be changed if transmission mode is set to any of the trigger byte options. If enabled it defines the decimal value (ASCII) of a trigger byte. Upon reception of this character on the serial port, the internal buffer is transmitted over the Ethernet link. Common choices is the return character (CR, 13) for line mode transmission or end of text (ETX, 3) for block oriented protocols. In any case the internal buffer is always emptied after 1 s.

Configuring serial port

The serial port settings must be configured to match the settings of your serial device. Select the **Configuration**-Serial sub-menu from the menu bar to open the serial settings which are shown below:

Serial Port () Settings					
Physical Layer	Baud Rate	Data Bits	Stop Bits	Parity	Handshake
RS-232 ¥	115200 💌	8 🛩	1 💌	none 💌	none

```
Figure 5.8: Serial settings page
```

The following serial settings can be entered:

```
Physical layer
```

Can be set to two-wire TIA/EIA-485 (RS-485) or TIA/EIA-232-F (RS-232) mode. RS-232 is the default. Depending on this setting either the D-sub (RS-232) connector or the terminal block connector (RS-485) of the *SERIP-100* is utilized.

Baud rate

Communication speed

Data bits

Number of transmitted data bits

Stop bits

Can be configured to be 1 or 2.

Parity

Changes parity mode to either none, even or odd.

Handshake

RTS/CTS handshake can be enabled to to perform flow control between the *SERIP-100* gateway and the serial device.

Once you click **Save** the new settings are stored and applied instantly. A confirmation message is shown.

Remote restarting the device

You can perform a remote restart of the device from the web interface. A remote restart is similar to power cycling the device. Possibly connected clients are disconnected and communication is interrupted until the device has rebooted.

To perform a remote restart, click on the **Configuration** sub-menu and then click on the **Restart** menu entry. This will open the device restart page as shown below:



Figure 5.9: Restart device page

Click on the **Restart** button to perform a restart of the device. The restart is confirmed with the following notification:



Figure 5.10: Restart confirmation page

Please allow a few seconds before continuing working with the device as it has to fully start-up first, before being able to respond to further web browser requests.



After a remote restart a *Watchdog reset* alarm is shown on the device' home page. This is a side-effect of the remote restart procedure and the alarm shall be ignored and cleared.

Chapter 6. Virtual COM port redirector

A virtual COM port redirector software package called *SERIP Toolkit* is provided for Windows PCs.

servers is managed by the SERIP COM Manager program, the control centre for the SERIP Toolkit. The SERIP Toolkit is using three components to provide the connectivity between





Virtual COM Port

The first component is a virtual COM port device driver which emulates a physical serial port. Windows applications can open and read or write data to virtual COM ports similar to a real COM port. From an application's perspective there is no difference between a real COM port and a virtual one. The *SERIP COM Manager* allows up to 255 COM ports to be created.

Redirector

The second component is a redirector. The redirector is a background process responsible for connecting the virtual COM port with a remote serial device server. A redirector is always attached to a virtual COM port and can be either in stopped, idle or connected state.

COM Manager

The third component is the *SERIP COM Manager* application. The *SERIP COM Manager* application is used to configure both Virtual COM Port and Redirector. It is also responsible for automatic starting of the redirector processes during the start-up of the computer.

Installing the SERIP Toolkit



The *SERIP Toolkit* can be installed on the following versions of the Windows operating system: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008.

1. To install, run the self-extracting Installer executable:



2. Confirm the Destination Folder. We recommend to keep the setting suggested by the installer. Click **Next** to continue:

🚯 Setup - SERIP Toolkit	X
Select Destination Location Where should SERIP Toolkit be installed?	
Setup will install SERIP Toolkit into the following folder.	
To continue, dick Next. If you would like to select a different folder, dick Browse.	
C:\Program Files\proconx\SERIP Toolkit Browse	
At least 2.6 MB of free disk space is required.	
< Back Next > Cancel	

3. Confirm the components for installation and click **Next** to continue:

1률 Setup - SERIP Toolkit	
Installable Components This is a list of the components which are being installed.	
Click Next when you are ready to continue.	
 ✓ Management tool "SERIP COM Manager" ✓ Virtual COM port device driver and serial port emulator "com0com" ✓ Serial port redirector process "hub4com" 	
Current selection requires at least 2.9 MB of disk space.	
< Back Next >	Cancel

4. Keep the two Additional Task check-boxes checked so the *SERIP COM Manager* is automatically launched every time your computer starts and to continue after this installation with creating and configuring virtual COM ports.

j률 Setup - SERIP Toolkit	
Select Additional Tasks Which additional tasks should be performed?	
Select the additional tasks you would like Setup to perform while installing SERIP Toolkit, then click Next. Launch SERIP COM Manager on startup Launch SERIP COM Manager now	
< Back Next >	Cancel

5. The installation is completed, click **Finish** to exit the installer:



Creating virtual COM ports

1. Launch the *SERIP COM Manager* and click on the **Create Virtual COM Port** button to create a new virtual COM port:



2. Select an entry from the list of unallocated COM ports and click **Create**:

3. The installation begins and the Windows driver database is updated with a pair of serial port emulators named CNCA and CNCB:

Installing COM Port	
Updating Windows driver database	

4. A pop-box informs that new hardware was found:

Found New Hardware	×
Port CNCA0	
	\checkmark

- 5. Following that, the Found New Hardware Wizard is started twice, first for CNCA and once finished with CNCA for CNCB.
- 6. Click Yes, this time only and then Next:

Found New Hardware Wizard		
Found New Hardware Wiz	Welcome to the Found New Hardware Wizard Windows will search for current and updated software by looking on your computer, on the hardware installation CD, or on the Windows Update Web site (with your permission). Read our privacy policy Can Windows connect to Windows Update to search for software? Yes, now and every time I connect a device No, not this time	
	Click Next to continue.	
	< Back Next > Cancel	

7. Click **Install the software automatically** and **Next** to confirm the installation:



8. A serial port emulator is installed. Once finished click **Next**:

Found New Hardware Wizard	
Please wait while the wizard searches	(A)
com0com - serial port emulator	
< Back Next > Cance	

9. Click **Finish** once the installation has finished:

Found New Hardware Wiz	ard		
	Completing the Found New Hardware Wizard		
	The wizard has finished installing the software for:		
	com0com - serial port emulator		
	Click Finish to close the wizard.		
	< Back Finish Cancel		

10. This step has to be repeated a second time for CNCB and is then confirmed with the ready-to-use pop-up window as shown below:



The virtual COM port is now ready to be used.

Starting and stopping

For COM port redirection to work, the *SERIP COM Manager* application must be running and the redirector background process must be started.

To start the *SERIP COM Manager* application, launch it from the Windows start menu. If the *SERIP COM Manager* is already running it displays a small icon in the Window system tray:



To launch the *SERIP COM Manager* when the computer starts, add the *SERIP COM Manager* application to the Windows Startup program group as shown below. Usually the installer does this already for you.



Right-click on the system tray icon to open the SERIP COM Manager context menu:

	Open COM Manager	
a de	Start	×
4 1	Stop	۲
۲	Shutdown	

The context menu allows the main window of the *SERIP COM Manager* to be shown using the **Open** command. The **Shutdown** command closes all TCP/IP connections with serial device servers and terminates the *SERIP COM Manager* application. The **Start** and **Stop** commands can be used to selectively start and stop a COM port redirector process without opening main window.

Shutting down the SERIP COM Manager disconnects all serial device servers!

SERIP COM Manager user interface

The main window of the *SERIP COM Manager* is shown below. It can be opened from the system tray icon's context menu.

SERIP COM Manage		e 🛛
File Ports Redirecto	r Help	
?	СОМ30	
COM15	Status Settings Device Webpage Status Redirector State: CONNECTED IP Address: <u>169.254.0.10</u>	
	Start Redirector Automatic	ally start Redirector

Figure 6.2: SERIP COM Manager main window

The COM port pane on the left side of the main window shows all installed virtual COM ports. The currently selected COM port is highlighted. A coloured triangle at the bottom right corner of the COM port icon indicates the status of redirector process. Red indicates stopped, yellow indicates connecting or idle state and green indicates connected state.

On the right hand side of the main window a tabbed pane shows the current redirector status, redirector configuration information and the web interface of the remote device server.

You can use the \Im toolbar button to add a new virtual COM port or \Re to delete the currently selected port.



A port can only be deleted if the associated redirector process is in STOPPED state!

With a right mouse click on a COM port a context menu can be opened. From the context menu a virtual COM port can be started, stopped or removed:



Status pane

The status of a serial port redirector process can be monitored on the status pane.

Status 😭 Settings 📑	Device Webpage	
- Status		
Redirector State:	CONNECTED	
IP Address:	<u>169.254.0.10</u>	
Start Redirector St	op Redirector	Automatically start Redirector

Figure 6.3: SERIP COM Manager status pane

Redirector State

Can be any of these states:

STOPPED

The redirector process has not been started. Click **Start Redirector** to start. CONNECTED

The redirector process has been started and a successful connection to the *SERIP-100* device server has been established.

IDLE

The redirector has been started and is ready for a connection request.

Starting

The redirector is in the process of starting up.

Connecting

The redirector process has been started and tries to establish a connection with the *SERIP-100* device server.

ERROR

An error within the redirector process occurred. Check the status line for more details about the error.

IP Address

Lists the IP address to be used for a connection if in client mode or the IP address of the connected client if in server mode.

Start Redirector

Starts the redirector process. Once started, the virtual COM port is connected with the serial device server.

Start Redirector

Stops the redirector process and closes the TCP/IP connection with the serial device server.

Automatically start Redirector

Check this box if the redirector process shall be started without user intervention upon launch of the *SERIP COM Manager*.

Settings pane

Below is a sample window of the SERIP COM Manager settings pane.

Status 😭 Settings 📑	Device Webpage			
Connection Settings				
Ethernet Interface:	Any		~	
IP Address:	169.254.0.10			
Port:	23			
Connect on	Always	*		
Reconnection Delay:	3 s	*		
Operating Mode				
Mode:	TCP Client	~	Enable RFC 2217	
Keep Active Period:	off	v		
Map Connect Status to	none	*		
Apply				
		_		

Figure 6.4: SERIP COM Manager settings pane

Connection Settings

Ethernet Interface

Usually set to Any but can be changed to use only a specific Ethernet card with the *SERIP-100* device server.

IP Address

Enter here the IP address of the *SERIP-100* device server. This value is pre-set to be the default IP address 169.254.0.10 of the *SERIP-100* device server

Port

Each serial port on the same serial device server must use a different TCP or UDP port number.

Connect on

It is possible for the redirector process to connect depending on the status of a modem control line of the virtual COM port. This could for example be set to DTR so the connection is only established when the application opens the COM port and disconnected when it closes the COM port.

Reconnection Delay

Delay time between connection attempts. Setting is only available in client mode.

Operating Mode

Mode

This mode must match the opposite of the mode setting of the *SERIP-100* device server. The default is TCP client.

Keep Active Period

Can only be activated in Telnet modes. Sends NOP Telnet commands to monitor the health status of the connection and avoid disconnection due to inactivity.

Map Connection Status to

The TCP connection status can be indicated on one of the modem status lines of the virtual COM port. That way the application software using the COM port knows whether a connection is established or not.

Device Webpage pane

The Device Webpage tab offers convenient access to the *SERIP-100* device server's web browser interface.

Status Settings	Device Webpage
proconx	SERIP-100 Serial Device Server
Menu	
Overview	Overview
Ethernet Status	Status
Serial Status	
About	- OK
Configuration	IP Connection ✓ Connected to 169.254.0.11

Figure 6.5: SERIP COM Manager device web page pane

Redirecting the virtual COM port to a SERIP-100 serial device server

If the *SERIP COM Manager* is not already running, launch it from the Windows start menu otherwise right-click on the *SERIP COM Manager* icon in the Windows system tray and select the **Open SERIP COM Manager** command to launch it.

- 1. from the list on the left.
- 2. Make sure the redirector process is in STOPPED state. If not click the **Stop Redirector** button.
- 3. Click on the **Settings** tab.
- 4. Enter the IP address of your SERIP-100 device server.
- 5. Press the **Apply** button to configure the IP address.
- 6. Check that the Port and Mode settings match what you have configured on the device server. You can click on the **Device Webpage** tab to verify and change the settings of the device server.
- 7. Press the **Apply** button again to store the settings.

- 8. Click on the **Status** tab and click the **Start Redirector** button to start the redirector. If you want the COM port automatically connect to your device server every time the computer is started, check the Automatically start Redirector box.
- 9. The coloured indication triangle of the COM port icon on the left pane should change colour from red (stopped) to yellow (started) and then to green (connected).
- 10. The virtual COM port is ready to be used.

Chapter 7. Decommissioning

Before disconnecting the unit please follow the rules in the section called "Safety Precautions".

Disconnecting



- 1. Ensure that the system power and external supplies have been turned off.
- 2. Disconnect power supply plug.
- 3. Disconnect all I/O cables.
- 4. Remove the *SERIP-100* from the DIN rail following the procedure described in the section called "DIN rail mounting and removal".

Disposal



This product must be disposed of at a specialized electronic waste recycling facility. Do not dispose of in domestic waste.

Appendix A.Specifications

SERIP-100 Serial Device Server

Interfaces	
Ethernet	1
Serial ports	1, software configurable as either 1 x RS-232 or 1 x RS-485 or 1 x RS-422
User interface	
LED indicators	Power (green), Ethernet link (green), 2 status (bi-color red/green)
Monitoring & configuration	Web browser based
Diagnostic	
High availability features	Watchdog supervision, brown-out detection
Serial Port RS-232 interface	
Connector	male 9-pin D-sub, DTE, EIA-574 pin-out
Physical layer	EIA-232-F
Isolation	non-isolated
Signals	RXD, TXD, RTS, CTS, DTR, DSR, DCD, RI
Speed	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 57600, 115200 bps
Serial Port RS-485/RS-422 interface	
Connector	3.81 mm 6-pin pluggable terminal block header
Physical layer	EIA-485-A, 2-wire or 4-wire
Isolation	non-isolated
Speed	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 57600, 115200 bps
Max. number of nodes	32
Ethernet port	
Connector	8-pin RJ-45 socket for Cat 5 UTP
Physical & Data Link Layer Layer	IEEE 802.3i 10BASE-T
Isolation	1.5 kV galvanic
Speed	10 Mbit/s
Max. cable length	100 m (328 ft)
Ethernet frame types	802.3
Protocols	TELNET (RFC 854, RFC 855, RFC 1184, RFC 2217), HTTP, IP, TCP, ARP
Concurrent connections	1 virtual serial port, 2 HTTP
Power supply	
Connector	3.81 mm 2-pin pluggable terminal block header
Voltage	10-30 V DC
Current	30 mA typical @ 24 V DC
Intrinsic consumption	750 mW
Electromagnetic compatibility	
Emissions (radiated and conducted)	AS/NZS CISPR 22 / EN 55022 (Class A)
Immunity	EN 55024
Electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2
Radiated RF	EN 61000-4-3
Fast transients	EN 61000-4-4
Conducted RF	EN 61000-4-6

Enclosure	
Material	Self-extinguishing PC/ABS blend (UL 94-V0)
Mounting	35 mm DIN rail (EN 60715)
Classification / Type rating	IP 20 / NEMA Type 1
Cooling	Convection
Environmental	
Operating temperature	0 to 60 °C / 32 to 140 °F
Storage temperature	-25 to 85 °C / -13 to 185 °F
Humidity rating	10 to 95% relative humidity, non condensing
Operating ambience	Free from corrosive gas, minimal dust
Physical	
Dimensions	101 x 22.5 x 120 mm / 3.98 x 0.886 x 4.72 in
Weight	0.12 kg / 0.265 lb
Compliance	
Australia	C-Tick
Europe	CE, RoHS
USA	FCC Part 15 (Class A)
Canada	ICES-003 (Class A)

Dimensions



Figure A.1: Enclosure dimensions

Glossary

10BASE-T

10 Mbit/s twisted pair Ethernet standard. Standardized in IEEE 802.3i

APIPA

Automatic Private IP Addressing

Class A

Class A equipment is that used in commercial or light industrial environments.

DCE

Data communications equipment. DTE and DCE devices have different pinouts for RS-232 connectors. A Modem for example is a DCE.

DIN rail

35 mm wide mounting bracket standardized in DIN/EN 50022.

DTE

Data terminal equipment. DTE and DCE devices have different pinouts for RS-232 connectors. A PC for example is a DTE.

EIA-232

Standard for serial transmission of data between two devices, also known as RS-232 and V.24.

EIA-422

ANSI/TIA/EIA-422 standard for serial transmission of data between two devices, also known as RS-422 and V.11.

EIA-485

ANSI/TIA/EIA-485 standard for serial transmission of data between multiple devices, also known as RS-485.

EIA-574

Standard for the pinout of serial D-sub connectors.

EMC

Electromagnetic compatibility

EMI

Electromagnetic interference

ESD

Electrostatic discharge. ESD can damage electronic equipment.

Ethernet

The standard for local area networks developed jointly by Digital Equipment Corp., Xerox, and Intel. Ethernet is used as the underlying transport vehicle by several upper-level protocols, including TCP/IP.

Gateway

A network device that passes data between different networks or fieldbusses.

Gateway address

The IP address of the gateway or router used to access the Internet from the local are network.

IEEE

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

IP

Ingress Protection Rating standardized in IEC 60529. Standard for various grades of electrical enclosures.

IP address

A numeric address used by computer hosts to transmit and receive information over the Internet.

ISO

International Standards Organisation

MAC address

Every piece of Ethernet hardware has a unique number assigned to it called it's MAC address. MAC addresses are administered and assigned by the IEEE organization.

NEMA

National Electrical Manufacturers Association. NEMA defines standards for various grades of electrical enclosures.

Node

A communications device on the network.

PC/ABS

Polycarbonate-ABS. Widely used thermoplastic material.

RS-232

See EIA-232.

RS-422

See *EIA-422*.

RS-485

See EIA-485.

Subnet mask

A numeric address used in conjunction with an IP address to segment network traffic; used to restrict transmissions to certain subnets.

Switch

A device that facilitates transmissions between nodes in a star-formed network.

TCP/IP

Transport Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. Connection-orientated transfer protocol.

Telnet

A network protocol (RFC 854) for character based terminal access to remote machines.

UL 94

Plastics flammability standard released by Underwriters Laboratories of the USA.

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